

"The effect of a mixed cannabidiol and cannabidiolic acidbased oil on client-owned dogs with atopic dermatitis.""

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Comments:

- 1. Good study design with appropriate diagnosis of exclusion of canine atopic dermatitis.
- 2. Exclusion criteria was thorough to avoid any concurrent medications that may confuse perception of improvement.
- 3. PVAS was significantly decreased in the treatment group when compared to the placebo group and the PVAS was a significantly decreased from baseline at D14 in the treatment group. Thus, patients had improvement of clinical signs of pruritus in treatment group and this was a significant improvement in 2 weeks.
- 4. There was no change in lesions likely due to CBD affecting neurological pathways and not inflammatory cells. No change was seen in cytokine profiles with use; however, elevated ALP was seen in 3/17 cases and needs further evaluation.
- 5. Limitations: Small study population with 29 completing study- 17 on test article, 12 on placebo and cases were only followed for 1 month.

Take-home message:

- 1. CBD may be a good adjunctive treatment for canine atopic dermatitis as it has been shown in a small study to significantly improve pruritus scores when compared to placebo after 2 weeks and 4 weeks and a significant decrease in pruritus score from baseline was seen in the CBD group at day 14.
- 2. Due to small number of cases included and short duration of the study, further evaluation for possible liver enzyme elevations (3/17) needs to be done along with longer duration and larger populations to evaluate long-term efficacy of CBD in the management of canine atopic dermatitis.